3 Algebraic Expressions and Properties

- 3.1 Algebraic Expressions
- 3.2 Writing Expressions
- 3.3 **Properties of Addition and Multiplication**
- **3.4 The Distributive Property**



"Did you know that 5 × 6 = 6 × 5, but 5 ÷ 6 ≠ 6 ÷ 5?"



"Only certain operations like addition and multiplication preserve equality when you switch the numbers around."



"Descartes, evaluate this expression when x = 2 to determine the number of cat treats you are going to eat today."



"Remember that you evaluate an algebraic expression by substituting the value of *x* into the expression."

What You Learned Before

Interpreting Numerical Expressions (5.0A.2)

Example 1 Write a sentence interpreting the expression $3 \times (19,762 + 418)$.

• $3 \times (19,762 + 418)$ is 3 times as large as 19,762 + 418.

Example 2 Write a sentence interpreting the expression (316 + 43,449) + 5.

(316 + 43,449) + 5 is 5 more than 316 + 43,449.

Example 3 Write a sentence interpreting the expression $(20,008 - 752) \div 2$.

(20,008 − 752) ÷ 2 is half as large as 20,008 − 752.

Try It Yourself

Write a sentence interpreting the expression.

1. $3 \times (372 + 20,967)$	2. 2 × (432 + 346,322)	3. $4 \times (6722 + 4086)$
4. (115 + 36,372) + 6	5. (392 + 75,325) + 78	6. (352 + 46,795) + 100
7. (30,929 + 425) ÷ 2	8. (58,742 − 721) ÷ 2	9. (96,792 + 564) ÷ 3

Using Order of Operations (5.0A.1, 6.EE.1)

Example 4 Simplify $4^2 \div 2 + 3(9 - 5)$.

First:	Parentheses	$4^2 \div 2 + 3(9-5)$	$=4^2\div 2+3\bullet 4$
Second:	Exponents		$= 16 \div 2 + 3 \bullet 4$
Third:	Multiplication and Division (from left	to right)	= 8 + 12
Fourth:	Addition and Subtraction (from left to	o right)	= 20

Try It Yourself

Simplify the expression.

10.	$3^2 + 5(4 - 2)$	11. 3 + 4 ÷ 2	12.	$10 \div 5 \bullet 3$
13.	$4(3^3 - 8) \div 2$	14. 3 • 6 − 4 ÷ 2	15.	$12 + 7 \cdot 3 - 24$

3.1 Algebraic Expressions

Essential Question How can you write and evaluate an expression

that represents a real-life problem?

ACTIVITY: Reading and Re-Reading

Work with a partner.

1

- a. You babysit for 3 hours. You receive \$12. What is your hourly wage?
 - Write the problem. Underline the important numbers and units you need to solve the problem.
 - Read the problem carefully a second time. Circle the key word for the question.

You babysit for 3 hours. You receive \$12.

What is your hourly wage?

• Write each important number or word, with its units, on a piece of paper. Write +, -, ×, ÷, and = on five other pieces of paper.



- Arrange the pieces of paper to answer the key word question, "What is your hourly wage?"
- Evaluate the expression that represents the hourly wage.



b. How can you use your hourly wage to find how much you will receive for any number of hours worked?



Algebraic Expressions In this lesson, you will

- use order of operations to evaluate algebraic expressions.
- solve real-life problems.
 Learning Standard
 6.EE.2c

2 ACTIVITY: Reading and Re-Reading



of Quantities What are the units in the problem? How does this help you write an expression? Work with a partner. Use the strategy shown in Activity 1 to write an expression for each problem. After you have written the expression, evaluate it using mental math or some other method.

a. You wash cars for 2 hours. You receive \$6. How much do you earn per hour?





- **b.** You have \$60. You buy a pair of jeans and a shirt. The pair of jeans costs \$27. You come home with \$15. How much did you spend on the shirt?
- **c.** For lunch, you buy 5 sandwiches that cost \$3 each. How much do you spend?





- **d.** You are running a 4500-foot race. How much farther do you have to go after running 2000 feet?
- e. A young rattlesnake grows at a rate of about 20 centimeters per year. How much does a young rattlesnake grow in 2 years?



-What Is Your Answer?

3. IN YOUR OWN WORDS How can you write and evaluate an expression that represents a real-life problem? Give one example with addition, one with subtraction, one with multiplication, and one with division.



Use what you learned about evaluating expressions to complete Exercises 4–7 on page 115.

3.1 Lesson







To evaluate an algebraic expression, substitute a number for each variable. Then use the order of operations to find the value of the numerical expression.



Evaluating Expressions with Two Operations

a. Evaluate 3x - 14 when x = 5.

3x - 14 = 3(5) - 14	Substitute 5 for <i>x</i> .
= 15 - 14	Using order of operations, multiply 3 and 5.
= 1	Subtract 14 from 15.

b. Evaluate $z^2 + 8.5$ when z = 2.

$z^2 + 8.5 = 2^2 + 8.5$	Substitute 2 for <i>z</i> .
= 4 + 8.5	Using order of operations, evaluate 2 ² .
= 12.5	Add 4 and 8.5.

On Your Own

Now You're Ready Exercises 43-51

EXAMPLE

5

Evaluate the expression when y = 6. **12.** 5y + 1

13. $30 - 24 \div y$ **14.** $y^2 - 7$ **15.** $1.5 + y^2$

EXAMPLE 6

Real-Life Application

You are saving money to buy a skateboard. You begin with \$45 and you save \$3 each week. The expression 45 + 3w gives the amount of money you save after w weeks.

- a. How much will you have after 4 weeks, 10 weeks, and 20 weeks?
- b. After 20 weeks, can you buy the skateboard? Explain.

		Substitute the given number of we			
a.	Number of Weeks, <i>w</i>	45 + 3w	Amount Saved		
	4	45 + 3(4)	45 + 12 = \$57		
	10	45 + 3(10)	45 + 30 = \$75		
	20	45 + 3(<mark>20</mark>)	45 + 60 = \$105		

b. After 20 weeks, you have \$105. So, you cannot buy the \$125 skateboard.

On Your Own

16. WHAT IF? In Example 6, the expression for how much money you have after w weeks is 45 + 4w. Can you buy the skateboard after 20 weeks? Explain.





Practice and Problem Solving

Write and evaluate an expression for the problem.

- 4. You receive \$8 for raking leaves for 2 hours. What is your hourly wage?
- 5. Music lessons cost \$20 per week. How much do 6 weeks of lessons cost?
- **6.** The scores on your first two history tests were 82 and 95. By how many points did you improve on your second test?
- **7.** You buy a hat for \$12 and give the cashier a \$20 bill. How much change do you receive?

Identify the terms, coefficients, and constants in the expression.

1 8. 7h + 3**11.** $2m^2 + 15 + 2p^2$ **12.** $6 + n^2 + \frac{1}{2}d$ **13.** $8x + \frac{x^2}{3}$



- **14. ERROR ANALYSIS** Describe and correct the error in identifying the terms, coefficients, and constants in the algebraic expression $2x^2y$.
- **15. PERIMETER** You can use the expression $2\ell + 2w$ to find the perimeter of a rectangle where ℓ is the length and *w* is the width.
 - **a.** Identify the terms, coefficients, and constants in the expression.
 - **b.** Interpret the coefficients of the terms.



Write each expression using exponents.



ALGEBRA Evaluate the expression when a = 3, b = 2, and c = 12.

3 25. 6 + <i>a</i>	26. <i>b</i> • 5	27. <i>c</i> - 1	28. 27 ÷ <i>a</i>
29. 12 – <i>b</i>	30. <i>c</i> + 5	31. 2 <i>a</i>	32. <i>c</i> ÷ 6
4 33. <i>a</i> + <i>b</i>	34. <i>c</i> – <i>a</i>	35. $\frac{c}{a}$	36. <i>b</i> • <i>c</i>

- **37. ERROR ANALYSIS** Describe and correct the error in evaluating the expression when m = 8.
- **38.** LAWNS You earn 15*n* dollars for mowing *n* lawns. How much do you earn for mowing one lawn? seven lawns?
- $5m + 3 = 5 \cdot 8 + 3$ = 5 \cdot 11 = 55
- **39. PLANT** After *m* months, the height of a plant is 10 + 3m millimeters. How tall is the plant after eight months? three years?

Copy and complete the table.

40.	x	3	6	9	41.	X	2	4	8
	x • 8					64 ÷ <i>x</i>			

42. FALLING OBJECT An object falls $16t^2$ feet in *t* seconds. You drop a rock from a bridge that is 75 feet above the water. Will the rock hit the water in 2 seconds? Explain.

ALGEBRA Evaluate the expression when a = 10, b = 9, and c = 4.

5 43. 2 <i>a</i> + 3	44. 4 <i>c</i> - 7.8	45. $\frac{a}{4} + \frac{1}{3}$
46. $\frac{24}{b} + 8$	47. $c^2 + 6$	48. $a^2 - 18$
49. <i>a</i> + 9 <i>c</i>	50. <i>bc</i> + 12.3	51. $3a + 2b - 6c$

Standard Rentals



New Releases \$4 **52. MOVIES** You rent *x* new releases and *y* standard rentals. Which expression tells you how much money you will need?



- **53. WATER PARK** You float 2000 feet along a "Lazy River" water ride. The ride takes less than 10 minutes. Give two examples of possible times and speeds. Illustrate the water ride with a drawing.
- **54.** SCIENCE CENTER The expression 20a + 13c is the cost (in dollars) for *a* adults and *c* students to enter a science center.
 - **a.** How much does it cost for an adult? a student? Explain your reasoning.
 - **b.** Find the total cost for 4 adults and 24 students.
- **c.** You find the cost for a group. Then the numbers of adults and students in the group both double. Does the cost double? Explain your answer using an example.
- **d.** In part (b), the number of adults is cut in half, but the number of students doubles. Is the cost the same? Explain your answer.



55. Reasoning The volume of the cube is equal to four times the area of one of its faces. What is the volume of the cube?

R	Find	Fair Game F I the value of the p	Review What you leaves ower. (Section 1.2)	arned in previous	grades & lessons
	56.	3 ⁵	57. 8 ³	58. 7 ⁴	59. 2 ⁸
	60.	MULTIPLE CHOICE (Section 1.6)	Which numbers have a	a least common	multiple of 24?
		A 4, 6	B 2,22	C 3, 8	D 6, 12

Essential Question How can you write an expression that

represents an unknown quantity?

ACTIVITY: Ordering Lunch

Work with a partner. You use a \$20 bill to buy lunch at a café. You order a sandwich from the menu board shown.



- **a.** Complete the table. In the last column, write a numerical expression for the amount of change received.
- **b. REPEATED REASONING** Write an expression for the amount of change you receive when you order any sandwich from the menu board.

Sandwich	Price (dollars)	Change Received (dollars)
Reuben		
BLT		
Egg salad		
Roast beef		

- **c.** Compare the expression you wrote in part (b) with the expressions in the last column of the table in part (a).
- **d.** The café offers several side dishes, each at the same price. You order a chicken salad sandwich and two side dishes. Write an expression for the total amount of money you spend. Explain how you wrote your expression.
- e. The expression 20 4.65*s* represents the amount of change one customer receives after ordering from the menu board. Explain what each part of the expression represents. Do you know what the customer ordered? Explain your reasoning.

Algebraic Expressions

In this lesson, you will

- use variables to represent numbers in algebraic expressions.
- write algebraic expressions.
 Learning Standard
 6.EE.2a

2 ACTIVITY: Words That Imply Addition or Subtraction



Use Expressions How do the key words in the phrase help you write the given relationship as an expression?

Work with a partner.

a. Complete the table.

Variable	Phrase	Expression
n	4 more than a number	
т	the difference of a number and 3	
x	the sum of a number and 8	
р	10 less than a number	
n	7 units farther away	
t	8 minutes sooner	
w	12 minutes later	
у	a number increased by 9	

b. Here is a word problem that uses one of the expressions in the table.

You arrive at the café 8 minutes sooner than your friend. Your friend arrives at 6:42 P.M. When did you arrive?

Which expression from the table can you use to solve the problem?

c. Write a problem that uses a different expression from the table.



ACTIVITY: Words That Imply Multiplication or Division

3

Work with a partner. Match each phrase with an expression.

the product of a number and 3	$n \div 3$
the quotient of 3 and a number	4p
4 times a number	<i>n</i> • 3
a number divided by 3	2 <i>m</i>
twice a number	3 ÷ <i>n</i>

-What Is Your Answer?

4. IN YOUR OWN WORDS How can you write an expression that represents an unknown quantity? Give examples to support your explanation.



Use what you learned about writing expressions to complete Exercises 9–12 on page 122.



Some words imply math operations.

Operation	Addition	Subtraction	Multiplication	Division
Key Words and Phrases	added to plus	subtracted from minus	multiplied by times	divided by quotient of
	sum of	difference of	product of	
	more than	less than	twice	
	increased by	decreased by	of	
	total of	fewer than		
	and	take away		

EXAMPLE

1

Writing Numerical Expressions

Write the phrase as an expression.

- a. 8 fewer than 21
 - 21 8

The phrase fewer than means subtraction.

- **b.** the product of 30 and 9
 - 30×9 , or $30 \cdot 9$

The phrase *product* of means *multiplication*.

EXAMPLE 2 Writing Algebraic Expressions

Write the phrase as an expression.

- **a.** 14 more than a number *x*
 - x + 14 The phrase more than means addition.
- **b.** a number *y* minus 75
 - y 75

The word *minus* means *subtraction*.

- **c.** the quotient of 3 and a number z
 - $3 \div z$, or $\frac{3}{z}$

The phrase *quotient* of means *division*.

On Your Own

Write the phrase as an expression.

- **1.** the sum of 18 and 35
- **2.** 6 times 50
- **3.** 25 less than a number *b*
- **4.** a number *x* divided by 4
- **5.** the total of a number t and 11 **6.** 100 decreased by a number k

Common Error V

expressions involving subtraction or division, order is important. For example, the quotient of a number x and 2 means $x \div 2$, not $2 \div x$.

EXAMPLE 3 Writing an Algebraic Expression

The length of Interstate 90 from the West Coast to the East Coast is 153.5 miles more than 2 times the length of Interstate 15 from southern California to northern Montana. Let *m* be the length of Interstate 15. Which expression can you use to represent the length of Interstate 90?

(A) 2m + 153.5 (B) 2m - 153.5 (C) 153.5 - 2m (D) 153.5m + 2



The correct answer is (A).

EXAMPLE 4 Real-Life Application

You plant a cypress tree that is 10 inches tall. Each year, its height increases by 15 inches.

- a. Make a table that shows the height of the tree for 4 years. Then write an expression for the height after *t* years.
- b. What is the height after 9 years?
- **a.** The height is *increasing*, so *add* 15 each year as shown in the table.



- So, the height after year t is 10 + 15t.
- **b.** Evaluate 10 + 15t when t = 9.

10 + 15t = 10 + 15(9) = 145

After 9 years, the height of the tree is 145 inches.

On Your Own

- **7.** Your friend has 5 more than twice as many game tokens as your sister. Let *t* be the number of game tokens your sister has. Write an expression for the number of game tokens your friend has.
- **8. WHAT IF?** In Example 4, what is the height of the cypress tree after 16 years?



Study Tip 🌽

Sometimes, like in Example 3, a variable represents a single value. Other times, like in Example 4, a variable can represent more than one value.



3.2 Exercises





Vocabulary and Concept Check

1. DIFFERENT WORDS, SAME QUESTION Which is different? Write "both" expressions.

12 more than *x*

x increased by 12

x take away 12

the sum of *x* and 12

2. **REASONING** You pay 0.25*p* dollars to print *p* photos. What does the coefficient represent?



Practice and Problem Solving

Write the phrase as an expression.

- **1 2 3.** 5 less than 8 **4.** the product of 3 and 12 **5.** 28 divided by 7 **6**. the total of 6 and 10 **7.** 3 fewer than 18 **8.** 17 added to 15
 - **9.** 13 subtracted from a number *x*
 - **11.** the quotient of 18 and a number *a*
 - **13.** 7 increased by a number *w*
 - **15.** the sum of a number *y* and 4
 - **17.** twice a number z

- **10.** 5 times a number d
- **12.** the difference of a number *s* and 6
- **14.** a number *b* squared
- **16.** the difference of 12 and a number *x*

18. a number *t* cubed

ERROR ANALYSIS Describe and correct the error in writing the phrase as an expression.

- **19.** the quotient of 8 and a number γ
- **20.** 16 decreased by a number *x*



- x 16
- **21. DINNER** Five friends share the cost of a dinner equally.
 - **a.** Write an expression for the cost per person.
 - **b.** Make up a total cost and test your expression. Is the result reasonable?
- **22. TV SHOW** A television show has 19 episodes per season.
 - **a.** Copy and complete the table.
 - **b.** Write an expression for the number of episodes in *n* seasons.

Seasons	1	2	3	4	5
Episodes					

Give two ways to write the expression as a phrase.

3 4 Write the phrase as an expression. Then evaluate when x = 5 and y = 20.

- **27.** 3 less than the quotient of a number *y* and 4
- **29.** 6 more than the product of 8 and a number *x*
- **28.** the sum of a number *x* and 4, all divided by 3
- **30.** the quotient of 40 and the difference of a number *y* and 16



- **31. MODELING** It costs \$3 to bowl a game and \$2 for shoe rental.
 - **a.** Make a table for the cost of up to 5 games.
 - **b.** Write an expression for the cost of *g* games.
 - c. Use your expression to find the cost of 8 games.
- **32. PUZZLE** Florida has 8 less than 5 times the number of counties in Arizona.

Georgia has 25 more than twice the number of counties in Florida.

- a. Write an expression for the number of counties in Florida.
- **b.** Write an expression for the number of counties in Georgia.
- c. Arizona has 15 counties. How many do Florida and Georgia have?
- **33. PATTERNS** There are 140 people in a singing competition. The graph shows the results for the first five rounds.
 - **a.** Write an expression for the number of people after each round.
 - **b.** How many people compete in the ninth round? Explain your reasoning.
- **34. NUMBER SENSE** The difference between two numbers is 8. The lesser number is *a*. Write an expression for the greater number.



35. Reasoning One number is four times another. The greater number is x. Write an expression for the lesser number.





You can use an **information wheel** to organize information about a topic. Here is an example of an information wheel for identifying parts of an algebraic expression.



On Your Own

Study Help

Make information wheels to help you study these topics.

- 1. evaluating algebraic expressions
- 2. writing algebraic expressions

After you complete this chapter, make information wheels for the following topics.

- **3.** Commutative Properties of Addition and Multiplication
- **4.** Associative Properties of Addition and Multiplication
- 5. Addition Property of Zero
- **6.** Multiplication Properties of Zero and One
- **7.** Distributive Property
- 8. factoring expressions



"My information wheel for Fluffy has matching adjectives and nouns."

3.1–3.2 Quiz



Identify the terms, coefficients, and constants of the expression. *(Section 3.1)*

1. 6q + 1 **2.** $3r^2 + 4r + 8$

Write the expression using exponents. (Section 3.1)

3. $s \cdot s \cdot s \cdot s$ **4.** $2 \cdot t \cdot t \cdot t \cdot t \cdot t$

Evaluate the expression when a = 8 and b = 2. (Section 3.1)

5.
$$a + 5$$
 6. ab **7.** $a^2 - 6$

Copy and complete the table. (Section 3.1)

8.	x	<i>x</i> + 6
	1	
	2	
	3	

9.	x	3 <i>x</i> – 5
	3	
	6	
	9	

Write the phrase as an expression. (Section 3.2)

10. the sum of 28 and 35

11. a number *x* divided by 2

13. 10 less than a number *a*

- **12.** the product of a number *m* and 23
- **14. COUPON** The expression p 15 is the amount you pay after using the coupon on a purchase of p dollars. How much do you pay for a purchase of \$83? (*Section 3.1*)



15. AMUSEMENT PARK The expression 15a + 12c is the cost (in dollars) of admission at an amusement park for *a* adults and *c* children. Find the total cost for 5 adults and 10 children. *(Section 3.1)*



- **16. MOVING TRUCK** To rent a moving truck for the day, it costs \$33 plus \$1 for each mile driven. *(Section 3.2)*
 - **a.** Write an expression for the cost to rent the truck.
 - **b.** You drive the truck 300 miles. How much do you pay?

Essential Question Does the order in which you perform an

operation matter?

่ใ

ACTIVITY: Does Order Matter?

Work with a partner. Place each statement in the correct oval.

- **a.** Fasten 5 shirt buttons.
- **c.** Fill and seal an envelope.
- **e.** Put on your shoes.
- **b.** Put on a shirt and tie.
- d. Floss your teeth.
- **f.** Chew and swallow.



Order Doesn't Matter



Think of three math problems using the four operations where order matters and three where order doesn't matter.

The Meaning of a Word Commute

When you **commute** the positions of two stuffed animals on a shelf,

you switch their positions.





ACTIVITY: Commutative Properties

Work with a partner.

- **a.** Which of the following are true?
 - $3 + 5 \stackrel{?}{=} 5 + 3$ $3 5 \stackrel{?}{=} 5 3$
 $9 \times 3 \stackrel{?}{=} 3 \times 9$ $9 \div 3 \stackrel{?}{=} 3 \div 9$
- **b.** The true equations show the Commutative Properties of Addition and Multiplication. Why do you think they are called *commutative*?

Equivalent Expressions

In this lesson, you will
use properties of

operations to generate equivalent expressions.

Learning Standards 6.EE.3 6.EE.4

The Meaning of a Word Associate

You have two best friends. Sometimes you associate with one of them.

And sometimes you associate with the other.





3 **ACTIVITY:** Associative Properties

Work with a partner.

- **a.** Which of the following are true?
- $8 + (3 + 1) \stackrel{?}{=} (8 + 3) + 1$ $8 (3 1) \stackrel{?}{=} (8 3) 1$ $12 \times (6 \times 2) \stackrel{?}{=} (12 \times 6) \times 2 \qquad 12 \div (6 \div 2) \stackrel{?}{=} (12 \div 6) \div 2$
- b. The true equations show the Associative Properties of Addition and Multiplication. Why do you think they are called associative?

What Is Your Answer?

- 4. IN YOUR OWN WORDS Does the order in which you perform an operation matter? Give examples to support your explanation.
- **MENTAL MATH** Explain how you can add the sum in your head. 5.

11 + 7 + 12 + 13 + 8 + 9



- **6. SECRET CODE** The creatures on a distant planet use the symbols \blacksquare , \blacklozenge , \bigstar , and \bigcirc for the four operations.
 - a. Use the codes to decide which symbol represents addition and which symbol represents multiplication. Explain your reasoning.



b. Make up your own symbols for addition and multiplication. Write codes using your symbols. Trade codes with a classmate. Decide which symbol represents addition and which symbol represents multiplication.



Use what you learned about the properties of addition and multiplication to complete Exercises 5-8 on page 130.

Math Practice

Use Counterexamples What do the false equations tell you about the Associative **Properties?**





Key Vocabulary equivalent expressions, p. 128 Expressions with the same value, like 12 + 7 and 7 + 12, are **equivalent** expressions. You can use the Commutative and Associative Properties to write equivalent expressions.

O Key Ideas

Commutative Properties

Words Changing the order of addends or factors does not change the sum or product.

Numbers 5 + 8 = 8 + 5

Algebra a+b=b+a $5 \cdot 8 = 8 \cdot 5$ $a \cdot b = b \cdot a$

Associative Properties

Words Changing the grouping of addends or factors does not change the sum or product.

Numbers (7+4) + 2 = 7 + (4+2)

 $(7 \cdot 4) \cdot 2 = 7 \cdot (4 \cdot 2)$

Algebra (a + b) + c = a + (b + c) $(a \cdot b) \cdot c = a \cdot (b \cdot c)$

1 **Using Properties to Write Equivalent Expressions EXAMPLE**

a. Simplify the expression 7 + (12 + x).

7 + (12 + x) = (7 + 12) + x	Associative Property of Addition
= 19 + x	Add 7 and 12

b. Simplify the expression (6.1 + x) + 8.4.

$$(6.1 + x) + 8.4 = (x + 6.1) + 8.4$$
 Commutative Property of Addition
= x + (6.1 + 8.4) Associative Property of Addition
= x + 14.5 Add 6.1 and 8.4.

- Associative Property of Addition Add 6.1 and 8.4.
- c. Simplify the expression 5(11y).

 $5(11y) = (5 \cdot 11)y$ $= 55\gamma$

Associative Property of Multiplication Multiply 5 and 11.



Chapter 3

128

On Your Own

Algebraic Expressions and Properties



2. $\left(c+\frac{2}{3}\right)+\frac{1}{2}$

1. 10 + (a + 9)

Multi-Language Glossary at BigIdeasMath com

3. 5(4*n*)

Example 1(a), use x = 2. 7 + (12 + x) = 19 + x $7 + (12 + 2) \stackrel{?}{=} 19 + 2$ 21 = 21 🗸

Study Tip

One way to check whether expressions are

equivalent is to evaluate each expression for any

value of the variable. In



Addition Property of Zero

Words The sum of any number and 0 is that number.

Numbers 7 + 0 = 7Algebra a + 0 = a

Multiplication Properties of Zero and One Words The product of any number and 0 is 0. The product of any number and 1 is that number.

Numbers $9 \cdot 0 = 0$ Algebra $a \cdot 0 = 0$ $4 \cdot 1 = 4$ $a \cdot 1 = a$

EXAMPLE

2

Using Properties to Write Equivalent Expressions

a. Simplify the expression $9 \cdot 0 \cdot p$.

$$9 \bullet 0 \bullet p = (9 \bullet 0) \bullet p$$

$$= 0 \cdot p = 0$$

Multiplication Property of Zero

b. Simplify the expression $4.5 \cdot r \cdot 1$.

 $4.5 \cdot r \cdot 1 = 4.5 \cdot (r \cdot 1)$ = 4.5 • *r* = 4.5r

Associative Property of Multiplication

Associative Property of Multiplication

Multiplication Property of One

EXAMPLE

Real-Life Application 3

You and six friends play on a basketball team. A sponsor paid \$100 for the league fee, x dollars for each player's T-shirt, and \$68.25 for trophies. Write an expression for the total amount the sponsor paid.

Add the league fee, the cost of the T-shirts, and the cost of the trophies.

100 + 7x + 68.25 = 7x + 100 + 68.25**Commutative Property of Addition**

> = 7x + 168.25Add 100 and 68.25.

An expression for the total amount is 7x + 168.25. ÷.

On Your Own

Simplify the expression. Explain each step.

4. 12 • *b* • 0

5. 1 • *m* • 24

6. (t+15)+0

7. WHAT IF? In Example 3, your sponsor paid \$54.75 for trophies. Write an expression for the total amount the sponsor paid.

Common Error

You **and** six friends are on the team, so use the expression 7x, not 6x, to represent the cost of the T-shirts.



3.3 **Exercises**



Vocabulary and Concept Check

- **1. NUMBER SENSE** Write an example of a sum of fractions. Show that the Commutative Property of Addition is true for the sum.
- **2. OPEN-ENDED** Write an algebraic expression that can be simplified using the Associative Property of Addition.
- 3. OPEN-ENDED Write an algebraic expression that can be simplified using the Associative Property of Multiplication and the Multiplication Property of One.
- 4. WHICH ONE DOESN'T BELONG? Which statement does not belong with the other three? Explain your reasoning.

$$7 + (x + 4) = 7 + (4 + x)$$

$$(3 + b) + 2 = (b + 3) + 2$$

$$9 + (7 + w) = (9 + 7) + w$$

$$(4 + n) + 6 = (n + 4) + 6$$

Tell which property the statement illustrates.

- **1 5.** $5 \cdot p = p \cdot 5$ **6.** 2 + (12 + r) = (2 + 12) + r**7.** $4 \cdot (x \cdot 10) = (4 \cdot x) \cdot 10$ 8. x + 7.5 = 7.5 + x**9.** (c+2) + 0 = c+22 **10.** $a \cdot 1 = a$
 - **11. ERROR ANALYSIS** Describe and correct the error in stating the property that the statement illustrates.

Simplify the expression. Explain each step.

(7 + x) + 3 = (x + 7) + 3Associative Property of Addition

- 1			I I		
12.	6 + (5 + x)	13.	(14 + y) + 3	14.	6(2 <i>b</i>)
15.	7(9 <i>w</i>)	16.	3.2 + (x + 5.1)	17.	(0 + a) + 8
18.	$9 \cdot c \cdot 4$	19.	$(18.6 \cdot d) \cdot 1$	20.	$\left(3k+4\frac{1}{5}\right)+8\frac{3}{5}$
21.	(2.4 + 4n) + 9	22.	(3 <i>s</i>) • 8	23.	<i>z</i> • 0 • 12

- **24. GEOMETRY** The expression 12 + x + 4 represents the perimeter of a triangle. Simplify the expression.
- 25. RAISIN COOKIES A case of raisin cookies has 10 cartons. A carton has 12 boxes. The amount you earn on a whole case is 10(12x) dollars.
 - **a.** What does *x* represent?
 - **b.** Simplify the expression.

- **26. STRUCTURE** The volume of the rectangular prism is 12.5 *x* 1.
 - **a.** Simplify the expression.
 - **b.** Match x = 0.25, 12.5, and 144 with the object. Explain.



A. siding for a house B. ruler C. square floor tile

Write the phrase as an expression. Then simplify the expression.

- **27.** 7 plus the sum of a number *x* and 5
- **28.** the product of 8 and a number *y* multiplied by 9

Copy and complete the statement using the specified property.

	Property	Statement
29.	Associative Property of Multiplication	7(2y) =
30.	Commutative Property of Multiplication	$13.2 \cdot (x \cdot 1) =$
31.	Associative Property of Addition	17 + (6 + 2x) =
32.	Addition Property of Zero	2 + (c + 0) =
33.	Multiplication Property of One	$1 \cdot w \cdot 16 =$

- **34. HATS** You and a friend sell hats at a fair booth. You sell 16 hats on the first shift and 21 hats on the third shift. Your friend sells *x* hats on the second shift.
 - **a.** Write an expression for the number of hats sold.
 - **b.** The expression 37(14) + 10x represents the amount that you both earned. How can you tell that your friend was selling the hats for a discounted price?
 - **c.** Reasoning: You earned more money than your friend. What can you say about the value of *x*?

A		Fair Game i	Review What you led	arned in previous grades	& lessons
	Eval	uate the expression	on. (Section 1.3)		
	35.	7(10 + 4)	36. 12(10 - 1)	37. 6(5 + 10)	38. 8(30 - 5)
	Find	l the prime factori	zation of the number.	(Section 1.4)	
	39.	37	40. 144	41. 147	42. 205
	43.	MULTIPLE CHOICE fraction of the ma	A bag has 16 blue, 20 r arbles in the bag are blu	ed, and 24 green marble e? <i>(Skills Review Hand</i>	es. What dbook)
		(A) $\frac{1}{5}$	B $\frac{4}{15}$	C $\frac{4}{11}$	(D) $\frac{11}{15}$

3.4 The Distributive Property

Essential Question How do you use mental math to multiply

two numbers?

The Meaning of a Word Distribute

When you **distribute** something to each person in a group,

you give that thing to each person in the group.





ACTIVITY: Modeling a Property

Work with a partner.

a. MODELING Draw two rectangles of the same width but with different lengths on a piece of grid paper. Label the dimensions.





Equivalent Expressions

- In this lesson, you will
- use the Distributive Property to find products.
- use the Distributive Property to simplify algebraic expressions. Learning Standards
- 6.NS.4 6.EE.2b
- 6.EE.3
- 6.EE.4

b. Write an expression for the total area of the rectangles.



c. Rearrange the rectangles by aligning the shortest sides to form one rectangle. Label the dimensions. Write an expression for the area.



- **d.** Can the expressions from parts (b) and (c) be set equal to each other? Explain.
- e. **REPEATED REASONING** Repeat this activity using different rectangles. Explain how this illustrates the Distributive Property. Write a rule for the Distributive Property.

2 ACTIVITY: Using Mental Math



3 ACTIVITY: Using Mental Math

d. 28×5

Work with a partner. Use the Distributive Property and mental math to find the product.

e. 17×4



- -What Is Your Answer?
 - 4. Compare the methods in Activities 2 and 3.
 - **5. IN YOUR OWN WORDS** How do you use mental math to multiply two numbers? Give examples to support your explanation.

Practice

f.

 25×39

Use what you learned about the Distributive Property to complete Exercises 5–8 on page 137.

g. 15×47



Use the Distributive Property and mental math to find 8 \times 53.

$8 \times 53 = 8(50 + 3)$	Write 53 as 50 + 3.
= 8(50) + 8(3)	Distributive Property
= 400 + 24	Multiply.
= 424	Add.

EXAMPLE 2 Using the Distributive Property

Use the Distributive Property to find $\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{3}{4}$.

$\frac{1}{2} \times 2\frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \times \left(2 + \frac{3}{4}\right)$	Rewrite $2\frac{3}{4}$ as the sum $2 + \frac{3}{4}$.
$=\left(\frac{1}{2}\times2\right)+\left(\frac{1}{2}\times\frac{3}{4}\right)$	Distributive Property
$=1+\frac{3}{8}$	Multiply.
$=1\frac{3}{8}$	Add.

🔵 On Your Own



Use the Distributive Property to find the product.

1.	5×41	2.	9 imes 19	3.	6(37)
4.	$\frac{2}{3} \times 1\frac{1}{2}$	5.	$\frac{1}{4} \times 4\frac{1}{5}$	6.	$\frac{2}{7} imes 3\frac{3}{4}$

Multi-Language Glossary at BigIdeasMath

EXAMPLE

3

Simplifying Algebraic Expressions

Use the Distributive Property to simplify the expression.

	a. 4(<i>n</i> + 5)		
	4(n+5) =	= 4 (<i>n</i>) + 4 (5)	Distributive Property
Chudu Tip	=	= 4n + 20	Multiply.
Study IIP	b. 12(2 <i>y</i> − 3)		
Distributive Property	12(2y-3)	$1 = \frac{12}{2y} - \frac{12}{3}$	Distributive Property
when there are more than two terms in the		= 24y - 36	Multiply.
sum or difference.	c. $9(6 + x + 2)$)	
	9(6 + x +	2) = 9(6) + 9(x) + 9(2)	Distributive Property
		= 54 + 9x + 18	Multiply.
		= 9x + 54 + 18	Commutative Property of Addition
		= 9x + 72	Add 54 and 18.

On Your Own

7.

Now You're Ready Exercises 17-32

Use the Distributive Property to simplify the expression.

7(a+2)	8.	3(d-11)	9. 7(2

EXAMPLE Д

Real-Life Application

José is x years old. His brother, Felipe, is 2 years older than José. Their aunt, Maria, is three times as old as Felipe. Write and simplify an expression that represents Maria's age in years.

Name	Description	Expression		
José	He is <i>x</i> years old.	x		
Felipe	He is 2 years <i>older</i> than José. So, <i>add</i> 2 to <i>x</i> .	<i>x</i> + 2		
Maria	She is three <i>times</i> as old as Felipe. So, <i>multiply</i> 3 and $(x + 2)$.	3 (<i>x</i> + 2)		
3(x + 2) = 3(x) + 3(2) Distributive Property				

$$= 3x + 6$$
 Multiply.

Maria's age in years is represented by the expression 3x + 6.

+6-4d)



10. Alexis is *x* years old. Her sister, Gloria, is 7 years older than Alexis. Their grandfather is five times as old as Gloria. Write and simplify an expression that represents their grandfather's age in years.

In an algebraic expression, **like terms** are terms that have the same variables raised to the same exponents. Constant terms are also like terms.



Use the Distributive Property to combine like terms.

EXAMPLE 5 Combining Like Terms

a.

Simplify each expression.

3x + 9 + 2x - 5	
3x + 9 + 2x - 5 = 3x + 2x + 9 - 5	
=(3+2)x+9-5	
= 5x + 4	

b.
$$y + y + y$$

 $y + y + y = 1y + 1y + 1y$
 $= (1 + 1 + 1)y$
 $= 3y$

Distributive Property Simplify.

Commutative Property of Addition

c.
$$7z + 2(z - 5y)$$

 $7z + 2(z - 5y) = 7z + 2(z) - 2(5y)$ Distributive Property
 $= 7z + 2z - 10y$ Multiply.
 $= (7 + 2)z - 10y$ Distributive Property
 $= 9z - 10y$ Add coefficients.

On Your Own

Now You're Ready Exercises 39-53 Simplify the expression.

11. 8 + 3z - z

12. 3(b+5) + b + 2





Are the values the same?

3.4 Exercises

Şx.

\$4

\$3

35. FITNESS Each day, you run on a treadmill for *r* minutes and lift weights for 15 minutes. Which expressions can you use to find how many minutes of exercise you do in 5 days? Explain your reasoning.

$$5(r+15)$$
 $5r+5 \cdot 15$
 $5r+15$
 $r(5+15)$

36. SPEED A cheetah can run 103 feet per second. A zebra can run *x* feet per second. Use the Distributive Property to write and simplify an expression for how much farther the cheetah can run in 10 seconds.

UNIFORMS Your baseball team has 16 players. Use the Distributive Property to write and simplify an expression for the total cost of buying the items shown for all the players.







38.



41. 7(8+4k)+12

44. w + w + 5w

47. 2v + 8v - 5v

50. $\frac{2}{3}y + \frac{1}{6}y + y$

53. 4x + 9y + 3(x + y)

5 Simplify the expression.

39. 6(x+4) + 1**42.** x + 3 + 5x

37.

- **45.** 4d + 9 d 8
- **48.** 5(z+4) + 5(2-z)
- **51.** $\frac{3}{4}\left(z+\frac{2}{5}\right)+2z$
- 54. ERROR ANALYSIS Describe and correct the error in simplifying the expression.

	8x - 2x + 5x = 8x - 7x
X	$= (\mathcal{B} - 7)x$
	= x

ALGEBRA Find the value of x that makes the expressions equivalent.	
---	--

55. 4(x-5); 32-20**56.** 2(x + 9); 30 + 18**57.** 7(8 - x); 56 - 21

40. 5 + 8(3 + x)

46. n + 3(n - 1)

49. 2.7(w - 5.2)

52. 7(x + y) - 7x

43. 7y + 6 - 1 + 12y

58. REASONING Simplify the expressions and compare. What do you notice? Explain.

> 4(x+6)(x+6) + (x+6) + (x+6) + (x+6)

GEOMETRY Write and simplify expressions for the area and perimeter of the rectangle.



- **62. FUNDRAISER** An art club sells 42 large candles and 56 small candles.
 - **a.** Use the Distributive Property to write and simplify an expression for the profit.
 - **b.** A large candle costs \$5, and a small candle costs \$3. What is the club's profit?



Profit = Price - Cost

63. REASONING Evaluate each expression by (1) using the Distributive Property and (2) evaluating inside the parentheses first. Which method do you prefer? Is your preference the same for both expressions? Explain your reasoning.

a.
$$2(3.22 - 0.12)$$
 b. $12\left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{3}\right)$

64. REASONING Write and simplify an expression for the difference between the perimeters of the rectangle and the hexagon. Interpret your answer.



65. Puzzle Add one set of parentheses to the expression $7 \cdot x + 3 + 8 \cdot x + 3 \cdot x + 8 - 9$ so that it is equivalent to 2(9x + 10).

Fair Game Rev	/iew What you learned in previous grades & lessons
Evaluate the expression.	(Section 2.4, Section 2.5, and Section 2.6)
66. 4.871 + 7.4 - 1.63	67. 25.06 - 0.049 + 8.995
68. 15.3 • 9.1 – 4.017	69. 29.24 ÷ 3.4 • 0.045
70. MULTIPLE CHOICE When \mathbf{A} 12	nat is the GCF of 48, 80, and 96? (<i>Section 1.5</i>) (B) 16
C 24	D 480



Key Vocabulary () factoring an expression, *p. 140*



Factoring an Expression

Words Writing a numerical expression or algebraic expression as a product of factors is called **factoring the expression**. You can use the Distributive Property to factor expressions.

Numbers $3 \cdot 7 + 3 \cdot 2 = 3(7 + 2)$ Algebra ab + ac = a(b + c) $3 \cdot 7 - 3 \cdot 2 = 3(7 - 2)$ ab - ac = a(b - c)

EXAMPLE Factoring a Numerical Expression

Study Tip 📈

When you factor an expression, you can *factor out* any common factor.

Factor 20 – 12 using the GCF.

Find the GCF of 20 and 12 by listing their factors.

Factors of 20: (1),(2),(4), 5, 10, 20

Factors of 12: (1),(2), 3,(4), 6, 12

Circle the common factors.

The GCF of 20 and 12 is 4.

Write each term of the expression as a product of the GCF and the remaining factor. Then use the Distributive Property to factor the expression.

20 - 12 = 4(5) - 4(3)	Rewrite using GCF.
= 4(5 - 3)	Distributive Property

EXAMPLE 2 Identifying Equivalent Expressions



Equivalent Expressions

In this extension, you will
use the Distributive

Property to produce equivalent expressions. Learning Standards 6.NS.4 6.EE.3 6.EE.4 Which expression is not equivalent to 16x + 24?

(A) 2(8x + 12) (B) 4(4x + 6) (C) 6(3x + 4) (D) (2x + 3)8

Each choice is a product of two factors in which one is a whole number and the other is the sum of two terms. For an expression to be equivalent to 16x + 24, its whole number factor must be a common factor of 16 and 24.

Factors of 16: (1),(2),(4),(8), 16

Circle the common factors.

Factors of 24: (1),(2), 3,(4), 6,(8), 12, 24

The common factors of 16 and 24 are 1, 2, 4, and 8. Because 6 is not a common factor of 16 and 24, Choice C cannot be equivalent to 16x + 24.

Check: $6(3x + 4) = 6(3x) + 6(4) = 18x + 24 \neq 16x + 24$

So, the correct answer is \bigcirc .

EXAMPLE

Factoring an Algebraic Expression

You receive a discount on each book you buy for your electronic reader. The original price of each book is x dollars. You buy 5 books for a total of (5x - 15) dollars. Factor the expression. What can you conclude about the discount?

Find the GCF of 5*x* and 15 by writing their prime factorizations.

 $5x = 5 \cdot x$ $15 = 5 \cdot 3$

Circle the common prime factor.

So, the GCF of 5*x* and 15 is 5. Use the GCF to factor the expression.

5x - 15 = 5(x) - 5(3) Rewrite using GCF. = 5(x - 3) Distributive Property

The factor 5 represents the number of books purchased. The factor (x - 3) represents the price of each book. This factor is a difference of two terms, showing that the price *x* of each book is decreased by \$3.

So, the factored expression shows a \$3 discount for every book you buy. The original expression shows a total savings of \$15.

Practice

Factor the expression using the GCF.

1. 7 + 14	2. 44 - 11	3. 18 – 12	4. 70 + 95
5. 60 - 36	6. 100 - 80	7. 84 + 28	8. 48 + 80
9. $2x + 10$	10. $15x + 6$	11. $26x - 13$	12. $50x - 60$
13. 36 <i>x</i> + 9	14. 14 <i>x</i> - 98	15. $10x - 25y$	16. $24y + 88x$

- **17. REASONING** The whole numbers *a* and *b* are divisible by *c*. Is a + b divisible by *c*? Is b a divisible by *c*? Explain your reasoning.
- **18. OPEN-ENDED** Write five expressions that are equivalent to 8x + 16.
- **19. GEOMETRY** The area of the parallelogram is (4x + 16) square feet. Write an expression for the base.



20. STRUCTURE You buy 37 concert tickets for \$8 each, and then sell all 37 tickets for \$11 each. The work below shows two ways you can determine your profit. Describe each solution method. Which do you prefer? Explain your reasoning.

profit =
$$37(11) - (37)8$$

= $407 - 296$
= \$111
= \$111
profit = $37(11) - (37)8$
= $37(11 - 8)$
= $37(3)$
= \$111



.3–3.4 Quiz		
		Check It Out Progress Check
Tell which property the stateme	nt illustrates. (Section 3.3)	BigIdeasMath Vco
1. $3.5 \cdot z = z \cdot 3.5$	2. 14 + (35 + <i>w</i>) =	=(14+35)+w
Simplify the expression. Explair	each step. (Section 3.3)	
3. 3.2 + (<i>b</i> + 5.7)	4. 6 • (10 • <i>k</i>)	
Use the Distributive Property an product. (Section 3.4)	nd mental math to find the	
5. 6 × 49	6. 7 × 86	
Use the Distributive Property to	simplify the expression. (Section	on 3.4)
7. $5(x-8)$	8. 7(<i>y</i> + 3)	
Simplify the expression. (Section	on 3.4)	
9. $6q + 2 + 3q + 5$	10. $4r + 3(r-2)$	
Factor the expression using the	GCF. (Section 3.4)	
11. 12 + 21	12. 16 <i>x</i> - 36	
13. GEOMETRY The expression the perimeter of the trapezo <i>(Section 3.3)</i>	18 + 7 + (18 + 2x) + 7 represents bid. Simplify the expression.	7 7 7 7

Movie TicketsSnacksStudent \$8Candy \$3Adult \$10Popcorn \$x

14. MOVIES You and four of your friends go to a movie and each buy popcorn. *(Section 3.4)*

- **a.** Use the Distributive Property to write an expression for the total cost to buy movie tickets and popcorn. Simplify the expression.
- **b.** Choose a reasonable value for *x*. Evaluate the expression.
- **15. GEOMETRY** The length of a rectangle is 16 inches, and its area is (32x + 48) square inches. Factor the expression for the area. Write an expression for the width. *(Section 3.4)*



3.1



Review Key Vocabulary

algebraic expression, *p. 112* terms, *p. 112* variable, *p. 112* coefficient, *p. 112* constant, *p. 112* equivalent expressions, *p. 128*

like terms, *p. 136* factoring an expression, *p. 140*

Review Examples and Exercises

Algebraic Expressions (pp. 110–117) a. Evaluate $a \div b$ when a = 48 and b = 8. $a \div b = 48 \div 8$ Substitute 48 for a and 8 for b. = 6 Divide 48 by 8. b. Evaluate $y^2 - 14$ when y = 5. $y^2 - 14 = 5^2 - 14$ Substitute 5 for y. = 25 - 14 Using order of operations, evaluate 5^2 . = 11 Subtract 14 from 25.

Exercises

Evaluate the expression when x = 20 and y = 4.

1. $x \div 5$ **2.** y + x **3.** 8y - x

4. GAMING In a video game, you score p game points and b triple bonus points. An expression for your score is p + 3b. What is your score when you earn 245 game points and 20 triple bonus points?

3.2 Writing Expressions (pp. 118–123)

Write the phrase as an expression.

a. a number *z* decreased by 18

z - 18 The phrase decreased by means subtraction.

b. the sum of 7 and the product of a number *x* and 12

7 + 12x The phrase *sum* of means *addition*. The phrase *product* of means *multiplication*.

Exercises

Write the phrase as an expression.

- **5.** 11 fewer than a number *b*
- **6.** the product of a number *d* and 32
- **7.** 18 added to a number *n*
- **8.** a number *t* decreased by 17
- **9. BASKETBALL** Your basketball team scored 4 fewer than twice as many points as the other team.
 - **a.** Write an expression for the number of points your team scored.
 - b. The other team scored 24 points. How many points did your team score?

3.3 Properties of Addition and Multiplication (pp. 126–131)

a. Simplify the expression (x + 18) + 4. (x + 18) + 4 = x + (18 + 4)Associative Property of Addition = x + 22Add 18 and 4. b. Simplify the expression (5.2 + a) + 0. (5.2 + a) + 0 = 5.2 + (a + 0)Associative Property of Addition = 5.2 + aAddition Property of Zero c. Simplify the expression $36 \cdot r \cdot 1$. $36 \cdot r \cdot 1 = 36 \cdot (r \cdot 1)$ Associative Property of Multiplication $= 36 \cdot r$ **Multiplication Property of One** = 36r

Exercises

Simplify the expression. Explain each step.

10.	10 + (2 + y)	11.	(21 + b) + 1	12.	3(7x)
13.	1(3.2 <i>w</i>)	14.	5.3 + (w + 1.2)	15.	(0+t)+9

16. GEOMETRY The expression 7 + 3x + 4 represents the perimeter of the triangle. Simplify the expression.



3.4 The Distributive Property (pp. 132–141)

- a. Use the Distributive Property to simplify 3(n + 9).
 - 3(n + 9) = 3(n) + 3(9) Distributive Property = 3n + 27 Multiply.
- b. Simplify 5x + 7 + 3x 2.

5x + 7 + 3x - 2 = 5x + 3x + 7 - 2	Commutative Property of Addition
=(5+3)x+7-2	Distributive Property
= 8x + 5	Simplify.

c. Factor 14x - 49 using the GCF.

Find the GCF of 14*x* and 49 by writing their prime factorizations.

14x	= 2 • 7/•	X
49	=7•7	

Circle the common prime factor.

So, the GCF of 14*x* and 49 is 7. Use the GCF to factor the expression.

14x - 49 = 7(2x) - 7(7)	Rewrite using GCF.
= 7(2x - 7)	Distributive Property

Exercises

Use the Distributive Property to find the product.

17. $\frac{3}{4} \times 2\frac{1}{3}$ 18. $\frac{4}{7} \times 4\frac{5}{8}$ 19.	$\frac{1}{5} \times 5$	$\frac{10}{11}$
--	------------------------	-----------------

Use the Distributive Property to simplify the expression.

20.	2(x + 12)	21.	11(b - 3)	22.	8(s - 1)
23.	6(6 + y)	24.	25(z-4)	25.	35(w - 2)

26. HAIRCUT A family of four goes to a salon for haircuts. The cost of each haircut is \$13. Use the Distributive Property and mental math to find the product 4×13 for the total cost.

Simplify the expression.

27. $5(n+3) + 4n$	28. $t + 2 + 6t$	29. $3z + 4 + 5z - 9$
Factor the expression	using the GCF.	
30. 15 + 35	31. 36 <i>x</i> – 28	32. $16x + 56y$

3	Chapter Test		
7			Check It Out Test Practice
	Evaluate the expression when	a = 6 and b = 8.	Bigraeasmath Com
	1. 4 + a	2. <i>a</i> – 6	3. <i>ab</i>
	Write the phrase as an expres	sion.	
	4. twice a number <i>x</i>	5. 25 more than 50	6. 40 divided by 5
	Simplify the expression. Expl	ain each step.	
	7. 3.1 + (8.6 + <i>m</i>)	8. (10 • <i>n</i>) • 7	9. 3(15 <i>w</i>)
	Use the Distributive Property	to simplify the expression.	
	10. $4(x+8)$	11. $12(y-5)$	5)
	Simplify the expression.		
	12. $4(q+2) - 6$	13. $3(2+5r)$) + 11
	14. $s + 3s + 4s$	15. 4 <i>t</i> - 2 -	2t + 7
	Factor the expression using t	he GCF.	
	16. 18 + 24	17. 40 - 16	
	18. 15 <i>x</i> + 20	19. $32x - 40$) <i>y</i>
	20. SOCCER GAME Playing ti soccer game to make up the length of a 90-minute stoppage time is $90 + x$. I 4 minutes of stoppage time	me is added at the end of a for stoppages. An expression f e soccer game with <i>x</i> minutes How long is a game with ne?	for of
	21. GEOMETRY The expressive represents the volume of with a length of 15, a wide Simplify the expression.	on $15 \cdot x \cdot 6$ a rectangular prism th of <i>x</i> , and a height of 6.	

22. PARTY FAVORS You make party favors for an event. You tie 9 inches of ribbon around each party favor. Write an expression for the amount of ribbon you need for *n* party favors. The ribbon costs \$3 for each *yard*. Write an expression for the total cost of the ribbon.

Standards Assessment

1. The student council is organizing a school fair. Council members are making signs to show the prices for admission and for each game a person can play.

SCHOOL FA	IR
Admission	\$2.00
Price per game	\$0.25

Let *x* represent the number of games. Which expression can you use to determine the total amount, in dollars, a person pays for admission and playing x games? (6.*EE.2a*)

Α.	2.25		С.	2 + 0.25x	

- **B.** 2.25*x* **D.** 2x + 0.25
- 2. Which property does the equation below represent? (6.EE.3)

 $17 \cdot 44 + 17 \cdot 56 = 17 \cdot 100$

- **F.** Distributive Property
- **G.** Multiplication Property of One
- **3.** At a used book store, you can purchase two types of books.

You can use the expression 3h + 2p to find the total cost for h hardcover books and *p* paperback books. What is the total cost, in dollars, for 6 hardcover books and 4 paperback books? (6.EE.2c)



C. 1213.728

D. 12.137.28

- **4.** What is the value of 9.6×12.643 ? (6.NS.3)
 - **A.** 12.13728
 - **B.** 121.3728



- H. Associative Property of Multiplication
- I. Commutative Property of Multiplication

5.	What is the value of $4.391 + 5.954$?	(6.NS.3)		
	F. 9.12145		н.	9.345
	G. 9.245		١.	10.345

6. Which number pair has a greatest common factor of 6? (6.NS.4)

Α.	18, 54	C. 30, 60
В.	30, 42	D. 36, 60

7. Properties of Addition and Multiplication are used to simplify an expression.



 $36 \cdot 23 + 33 \cdot 64 = 36 \cdot 23 + 64 \cdot 33$ = 36 \cdot 23 + 64 \cdot (23 + 10) = 36 \cdot 23 + 64 \cdot 23 + 64 \cdot 10 = x \cdot 23 + 64 \cdot 10 = 2300 + 640 = 2940

What number belongs in place of the *x*? (6.EE.3)

8. Which property was used to simplify the expression? (6.EE.3)

 $(47 \times 125) \times 8 = 47 \times (125 \times 8)$ = 47 × 1000 = 47,000

- **F.** Distributive Property
- **G.** Multiplication Property of One
- H. Associative Property of Multiplication
- I. Commutative Property of Multiplication
- **9.** What is the value of the expression below when a = 5, b = 7, and c = 6? (6.*EE.2c*)

9b - 4a + 2c

- **A.** 29 **C.** 55
- **B.** 31 **D.** 78

- **10.** Which equation correctly demonstrates the Distributive Property? (6.EE.4)
 - F. a(b + c) = ab + cG. a(b + c) = ab + acH. a + (b + c) = (a + b) + (a + c)I. $a + (b + c) = (a + b) \cdot (a + c)$

11. Which expression is equivalent to $3\frac{3}{5} \div 6\frac{1}{2}$? (6.NS.1)

A.
$$\frac{5}{18} \times \frac{13}{2}$$
 C. $\frac{9}{5} \div \frac{6}{2}$

 B. $\frac{18}{5} \times \frac{2}{13}$
 D. $\frac{18}{5} \div \frac{2}{13}$

12. Which number pair does *not* have a least common multiple of 24? (6.NS.4)

F.	2, 12	H.	6, 8
G.	3, 8	١.	12, 24

13. Use the Properties of Multiplication to simplify the expression in an efficient way. Show your work and explain how you used the Properties of Multiplication. *(6.EE.3)*

$$(25 \times 18) \times 4$$

14. You evaluated an expression using x = 6 and y = 9. You correctly got an answer of 105. Which expression did you evaluate? (6.*EE*.2*c*)

A. 3x + 6y **C.** 6x + 9y

- **B.** 5x + 10y **D.** 10x + 5y
- **15.** Which number is equivalent to the expression below? (6.EE.1)

 $2 \times 12 - 8 \div 2^2$ F. 2 H. 8 G. 4 I. 22